



## Web Accessibility Evaluation Report

### General information

Domain:  
www.reichenberg.fr  
Accessibility Provider: -  
No Accessibility -  
Scan date: Jun 11, 2025  
Scan duration: 00:00:26  
Standard: WCAG2AA  
Scan mode: auto  
Total site pages: 253  
Scanned pages: 1  
Scanned device: Desktop  
Version: Unknown  
Mode: Unknown

### Overall score



### Assessments statistics

Score without accessibility widget  
87.27%









**Lawsuit risk: LOW**  
The monitor found **31** accessibility errors after scanning **1** pages. Your website is currently at **low** risk of a non-discriminatory lawsuit.

31

### Total Errors

Total accessibility errors found in conformance with the WCAG

<div>8</div> <div>Role attributes</div>	<div>35</div> <div>ARIA attributes</div>	<div>0</div> <div>Access keys</div>	<div>6</div> <div>Headings</div>	<div>0</div> <div>Fields without label</div>	<div>12</div> <div>Altless images</div>
<div></div> <div>0</div> <div>Iframes</div>	<div></div> <div>22</div> <div>Images</div>	<div></div> <div>0</div> <div>PDFs</div>	<div></div> <div>42</div> <div>Links</div>	<div></div> <div>0</div> <div>Audio</div>	<div></div> <div>0</div> <div>Video</div>



SC 1.1.1: Non-text Content (Level A)

Failure: 5



F65,H37,H67: Images must have alternate text

Failure: 5

Technique info

F65,H37,H67: Images must have alternate text

Space Alt  
Applies To

Images must have alternate text.

Instructions

Ensures that every <img> element has a valid alternative text it needs to be empty for decorative images and informative for meaningful images. Space is not a valid alt value.

Image Svg  
Applies To

Elements containing role="img" have an alternative text.

Instructions

Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.

Links

- 1. [F65](#)
- 2. [H37](#)
- 3. [H67](#)



Context & Selector

Pages



```
<svg
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
viewBox="0 0 448 512"
height="18"><path d="M224 416c-
8.188 0-16.3...</svg>
```

```
#cmplz-cookiebanner-container >
div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-
child(2) > details:nth-child(1) >
```



Standard info

SC 1.1.1: Non-text Content (Level A)

All non-text content that is presented to the user has a text alternative that serves the equivalent purpose, except for the situations listed below.

Description

1. Controls, Input: If non-text content is a control or accepts user input, then it has a name that describes its purpose. (Refer to Guideline 4.1 for additional requirements for controls and content that accepts user input.)
2. Time-Based Media: If non-text content is time-based media, then text alternatives at least provide descriptive identification of the non-text content. (Refer to Guideline 1.2 for additional requirements for media.)
3. Test: If non-text content is a test or exercise that would be invalid if presented in text, then text alternatives at least provide descriptive identification of the non-text content.
4. Sensory: If non-text content is primarily intended to create a specific sensory

```
summary > span > span:nth-child(3) > svg
```



Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.



```
<svg
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
viewBox="0 0 448 512"
height="18"><path d="M224 416c-
8.188 0-16.3...</svg>
```



```
#cmplz-cookiebanner-container >
div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-child(2) > details:nth-child(2) >
summary > span > span:nth-child(3) > svg
```



Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.



```
<svg
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
viewBox="0 0 448 512"
height="18"><path d="M224 416c-
8.188 0-16.3...</svg>
```



```
#cmplz-cookiebanner-container >
div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-child(2) > details:nth-child(3) >
summary > span > span:nth-child(3) > svg
```



Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.



```
<svg
xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
viewBox="0 0 448 512"
```

(1)

(1)

(1)

experience, then text alternatives at least provide descriptive identification of the non-text content.

5. CAPTCHA: If the purpose of non-text content is to confirm that content is being accessed by a person rather than a computer, then text alternatives that identify and describe the purpose of the non-text content are provided, and alternative forms of CAPTCHA using output modes for different types of sensory perception are provided to accommodate different disabilities.
6. Decoration, Formatting, Invisible: If non-text content is pure decoration, is used only for visual formatting, or is not presented to users, then it is implemented in a way that it can be ignored by assistive technology.



```
height="18"><path d="M224 416c-8.188 0-16.3...</svg>
```

\$

```
#cmplz-cookiebanner-container >
div > div:nth-child(3) > div:nth-
child(2) > details:nth-child(4) >
summary > span > span:nth-
child(3) > svg
```



Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.

(1)

\$

```
#page#0 > p > svg
```



Ensure that all SVG or Image elements that are added as markup into the HTML, has a valid label that are used to provide an accessible name for the SVG or Image elements.

**H30: Providing link text that describes the purpose of a link for anchor elements**

**H37: Using alt attributes on img elements**

**H67: Using null alt text and no title attribute on img elements for images that AT should ignore**

**G94: Providing short text alternative for non-text content that serves the same purpose and presents the same information as the non-text content**

**H36: Using alt attributes on images used as submit buttons**

**H24: Providing text alternatives for the area elements of image maps**

**G73: Providing a long description in another location with a link to it that is immediately adjacent to the non-text content**

**G74: Providing a long description in text near the non-text content, with a reference to the location of the long description in the short description**

**H2: Combining adjacent image and text links for the same resource**

**H53: Using the body of the object element**

**H53: Using the body of the object element**  
**ARIA6: Using aria-label to provide labels for objects**

**G94: Providing short text alternative for non-text content that serves the same purpose and presents the same information as the non-text content**  
**G92: Providing long description for non-text content that serves the same purpose and presents the same information**

**H35: Providing text alternatives on applet elements**



SC 1.3.1: Info and Relationships  
(Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 1.3.5: Identify Input Purpose  
(Level AA)

 Failure: 0



## SC 1.4.3: Contrast (Minimum) (Level AA)

Failure: 5

### G18: Ensuring that a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1 exists between text (and images of text) and background behind the text

#### Standard info

#### SC 1.4.3: Contrast (Minimum) (Level AA)

The visual presentation of text and images of text has a contrast ratio of at least 4.5:1, except for the following: Editor's Note: Superseded by Success Criterion 1.4.6 at level AAA, which is a stricter application of the same concept.

#### Description

1. Large Text: Large-scale text and images of large-scale text have a contrast ratio of at least 3:1;
2. Incidental: Text or images of text that are part of an inactive user interface component, that are pure decoration, that are not visible to anyone, or that are part of a picture that contains significant other visual content, have no contrast requirement.
3. Logotypes: Text that is part of a logo or brand name has no minimum contrast requirement.



### G145: Ensuring that a contrast ratio of at least 3:1 exists between text (and images of text) and background behind the text

Failure: 5

#### Technique info

#### G145: Ensuring that a contrast ratio of at least 3:1 exists between text (and images of text) and background behind the text

#### Applies To

Text placed in front of a background image. Applies at Level AA to text defined as "large text".

#### Instructions

This element's text is placed on a background image. Ensure the contrast ratio between the text and all covered parts of the image are at least 3:1.

#### Links

1. [G145](#)

#### Context & Selector

#### Pages



(1)



```
<span class="uk-text-danger"> château<br></span>
```



```
#tm-main > div:nth-child(4) > div > div > div > div:nth-child(1) > div > div > h2 > span
```



This element has insufficient contrast at this conformance level. Expected a contrast ratio of at least 3:1, but text in this element has a contrast ratio of

2.54:1. Recommendation:  
change background to #2d2d2d.



(1)



```
<span class="uk-text-danger"
"> La boutique<br></span>
```



```
#tm-main > div:nth-child(5)
> div > div > div > div > div
> div:nth-child(2) > div > h2
> span
```



This element has  
insufficient contrast at this  
conformance level. Expected a  
contrast ratio of at least  
3:1, but text in this element  
has a contrast ratio of  
2.54:1. Recommendation:  
change background to #2d2d2d.



(1)



```
<span class="uk-text-danger"
">Notre gîte<br></span>
```



```
#tm-main > div:nth-child(6)
> div > div:nth-child(1) >
div > div > div > div > h2 >
span
```



This element has  
insufficient contrast at this  
conformance level. Expected a  
contrast ratio of at least  
3:1, but text in this element  
has a contrast ratio of  
2.54:1. Recommendation:  
change background to #2d2d2d.



(1)



```
<span class="uk-text-danger"
"> Le caveau <br></span>
```



```
#tm-main > div:nth-child(7)
> div > div > div > div > div
> div:nth-child(2) > div > h2
> span
```



This element has  
insufficient contrast at this  
conformance level. Expected a  
contrast ratio of at least  
3:1, but text in this element  
has a contrast ratio of



## Context & Selector

## Pages

2.54:1. Recommendation:  
change background to #2d2d2d.



.

(1)



```
<span class="uk-text-danger"  
"> Bergheim<br></span>
```



```
#tm-main > div:nth-child(8)  
> div > div > div > div >  
div:nth-child(1) > div > div  
> h2 > span
```



This element has  
insufficient contrast at this  
conformance level. Expected a  
contrast ratio of at least  
3:1, but text in this element  
has a contrast ratio of  
2.54:1. Recommendation:  
change background to #2d2d2d.

**F24: Failure of Success Criterion 1.4.3, 1.4.6 and 1.4.8  
due to specifying foreground colors without  
specifying background colors or vice versa**



## SC 1.4.4: Resize Text (Level AA)



Failure: 18



### G142: Using a technology that has commonly-available user agents that support zoom

Failure: 18



#### Technique info

### G142: Using a technology that has commonly-available user agents that support zoom

#### Applies To

Top element.

#### Instructions

Check that text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200 percent without loss of content or functionality.



#### Standard info

### SC 1.4.4: Resize Text (Level AA)

Except for captions and images of text, text can be resized without assistive technology up to 200 percent without loss of content or functionality. Editor's Note: Superseded by Success Criterion 1.4.8 at level AAA. That Success Criterion contains additional requirements when text is resized to 200%.

#### Description



## Links

### 1. G142



## Context & Selector

## Pages

( 4 )

\$

#footer#7 > p



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

( 1 )

\$

#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(1)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

( 1 )

\$

#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(2)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

( 1 )

\$

#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(3)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

( 1 )

\$

#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(4)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

( 1 )

\$

#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(5)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

(1)



#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(6)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

(1)



#footer#7 > p > a:nth-child(7)



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

(1)



#footer#8 > p > em



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).

(4)



#footer#15 > p



Ensure that the element font size is larger than the minimum requirements (12px).



SC 2.2.1: Timing Adjustable (Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 2.2.2: Pause, Stop, Hide (Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 2.4.1: Bypass Blocks (Level A)

 Failure: 2

#### H64: Using the title attribute of the frame and iframe elements

 Standard info

#### SC 2.4.1: Bypass Blocks (Level A)

A mechanism is available to bypass blocks of content that are repeated on multiple Web pages.

#### Description



#### H69: Providing heading elements at the beginning of each section of content

Failure: 2

 Technique info

#### H69: Providing heading elements at the beginning of each section of content

##### Applies To


Landmarks (header, main, footer, section, aside, article)

##### Instructions

This technique promotes using section headings to organize content logically, aiding navigation and accessibility for users, especially those relying on assistive technology.

##### Links

1. [H69](#)

 Context & Selector

Pages

(1)



```
<header class="tm-header-mobile uk-hidden@l tm-header-overlay" uk-header="" uk-inverse="target: .uk-navbar-container; sel-active: .uk-navbar-transparent">
```



## Context & Selector

## Pages

```
<div uk-sticky=""  
sh...</header>
```

\$

```
html > body > div:nth-  
child(5) > header:nth-  
child(1)
```



Landmark found without a  
valid label or header  
inside(1-h6).



.

(1)

</>

```
<header class="tm-header uk-  
visible@1 tm-header-overlay"  
uk-header="" uk-  
inverse="target: .uk-navbar-  
container, .tm-headerbar;  
sel-active: .uk-navbar-  
transparent, .tm-headerbar">
```

```
<div uk-sticky=""  
m...</header>
```

\$

```
html > body > div:nth-  
child(5) > header:nth-  
child(2)
```



Landmark found without a  
valid label or header  
inside(1-h6).

**G1: Adding a link at the top of each page that goes directly to the main content area**

**G123: Adding a link at the beginning of a block of repeated content to go to the end of the block**

**G124: Adding links at the top of the page to each area of the content**

**H69: Providing heading elements at the beginning of each section of content**

**G1: Adding a link at the top of each page that goes directly to the main content area**

**G123: Adding a link at the beginning of a block of repeated content to go to the end of the block**

**G124: Adding links at the top of the page to each area of the content**



SC 2.4.2: Page Titled (Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 3.1.1: Language of Page (Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 3.1.2: Language of Parts (Level AA)

 Failure: 0



SC 3.2.2: On Input (Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 4.1.1: Parsing (Level A)

 Failure: 0



SC 4.1.2: Name, Role, Value (Level A)

 Failure: 1

**Ensures an element's role supports its ARIA attributes**

**Elements inside ARIA hidden element must not be focusable**

**ARIA hidden element must not be focusable**

 Standard info

#### **SC 4.1.2: Name, Role, Value (Level A)**

For all user interface components (including but not limited to: form elements, links and components generated by scripts), the name and role can be programmatically determined; states, properties,



# H91: Using HTML form controls and links

Failure: 1

## Technique info

### H91: Using HTML form controls and links

- **A**

**Applies To**

Link with a href attribute, but without link text. This means it does not have an accessibility API "name".

**Instructions**

Anchor element found with a valid href attribute, but no link content has been supplied.

- **[Node Name]**

**Applies To**

Form control which does not have a valid accessibility API "value". The message states how to add a valid value.

**Instructions**

This [element type] does not have a value available to an accessibility API. Add one [using a element-specific method].

**Links**

1. [H91](#)

and values that can be set by the user can be programmatically set; and notification of changes to these items is available to user agents, including assistive technologies. Note: This success criterion is primarily for Web authors who develop or script their own user interface components. For example, standard HTML controls already meet this success criterion when used according to specification.

**Description**



## Context & Selector

## Pages



.

(1)



```
<a
  href="https://www.reichenberg.fr/"
  class="uk-preserve-width"><span
  uk-icon="icon: home;" cla...</a>
```



```
html > body > div:nth-child(5) >
header:nth-child(2) > div:nth-
child(1) > div > div > nav >
div:nth-child(2) > ul > li:nth-
child(1) > a
```



Anchor element found with a valid href attribute, but no link content has been supplied.



SC 1.2.1: Audio-only and Video-only (Prerecorded) (Level A)



SC 1.2.2: Captions (Prerecorded) (Level A)



SC 1.2.4: Captions (Live) (Level AA)



SC 1.2.5: Audio Description (Prerecorded) (Level AA)



SC 1.3.2: Meaningful Sequence (Level A)



SC 1.3.3: Sensory Characteristics (Level A)



SC 1.3.4: Orientation (Level AA)



SC 1.4.1: Use of Colour (Level A)



SC 1.4.2: Audio Control (Level A)



SC 1.4.5: Images of Text (Level AA)



SC 1.4.10: Reflow (Level AA)



SC 1.4.11: Non-text Contrast (Level AA)



SC 1.4.13: Content on Hover or Focus (Level AA)



SC 2.1.1: Keyboard (Level A)



SC 2.1.2: No Keyboard Trap (Level A)



SC 2.1.4: Character Key Shortcuts (Level A)



SC 2.2.6: Timeouts (Level A)



SC 2.3.1: Three Flashes or Below Threshold (Level A)



SC 2.4.3: Focus Order (Level A)





SC 2.4.4: Link Purpose (In Context)  
(Level A)



SC 2.4.5: Multiple Ways (Level AA)



SC 2.4.6: Headings and Labels  
(Level AA)



SC 2.4.7: Focus Visible (Level AA)



SC 2.5.1: Pointer Gestures (Level A)



SC 2.5.2: Pointer Cancellation (Level  
A)



SC 2.5.3: Label in Name (Level A)



SC 2.5.4: Motion Actuation (Level  
A)



SC 3.2.1: On Focus (Level A)



SC 3.2.3: Consistent Navigation  
(Level AA)



SC 3.2.4: Consistent Identification  
(Level AA)



SC 3.3.1: Error Identification (Level  
A)



SC 3.3.2: Labels or Instructions  
(Level A)



SC 3.3.3: Error Suggestion (Level  
AA)



SC 3.3.4: Error Prevention (Legal,  
Financial, Data) (Level AA)



SC 4.1.3: Status Messages (Level  
AA)

*The accessibility evaluation report may contain privileged or confidential information. It is presented to you on an 'as is' basis, and EqualWeb does not provide any warranties regarding the information within. This report is derived from our monitor and crawler technology scanner, identifying key issues related to WCAG guidelines. Please note that there is no guarantee of accuracy or completeness regarding your website's compliance with these guidelines.*

Generated by © EqualWeb Ltd [www.equalweb.com](http://www.equalweb.com)